Creation of Housing that the Times Demand

1960s-

Condominiums

Age of popularization of

With the total population reaching over 100 million,

there was growing demand for housing complexes

economy. The establishment of the Act on Building

Unit Ownership, etc. in 1962 led to the introduction

and the government's home ownership scheme also

of a new form of residence, for-sale condominium,

amid the high-growth period of the Japanese

brought about a quantitative expansion.

—Histories of Housing Complexes and Haseko—

The Haseko Group has been endeavoring to provide safe, secure and comfortable housing by constantly responding to social challenges, which change with the times. Going forward, we will continue to aim to deliver a better life to the people.

For details, please visit our website

1937

Founding of Hasegawa Komuten in Amagasaki, Hyogo

Needs

The intensification of the war boosted demand for the construction of munitions facilities. After the war, the number of construction works for schools and other public buildings increased

Haseko's response

- Before the war, Haseko developed its business as a constructor of wooden factory and office buildings by securing contracts mainly from the private sector.
- In the immediate postwar period, it worked on many public building projects, such as school construction. Afterwards, the Company won a contract for its first reinforced concrete construction of an apartment building, which led to a leap in its development.



Founder Takehiko Hasegawa 4.000 standing in front of the company building at the time of the 3,000 -

FY1959

0.02 billion ven

• In 1968, the Company embarked on the construction of its first condominium, working on the streamlining of production technologies and

Haseko's response

research and development thereof, including after-sales complaints handling.

• The development of Haseko's **proprietary mass** housing supply system "CONBUS (Condominium Building System)" for standardized houses contributed to the quantitative spread of condominiums as well as to the improvement of housing standards.



Haseko constructed



1980s-

Age of Diversified Needs for Condominiums

Needs

increase in investment properties diversified the needs for condominiums. In the wake of the introduction of the Warranty Program for Houses for for-sale condominiums in 1993 and the Great Hanshin-Awaji Earthquake in 1995, people began to place greater emphasis on the basic performance of condominiums.

Haseko's response

- A technical research institute, the industry's first software-tech think tank, and a Research Institute, Inc.) were established to drive the research and development of market needs
- We put our efforts into visualizing the basic performance of condominiums that had not been visible before by utilizing the Housing Performance Indication Mark, a proprietary indication mark that we had introduced ahead of the industry and by installing the industry's first Naked Room.



住居寺有査機

Proprietary housing performance indication mar

Changes in lifestyle and family structure and an

multidisciplinary laboratory (currently, Haseko products and technologies that reflect the



Acro City Towers, the first skyscraper



20.5 billion ven

FY1979

*1 Data are reported as of the end of each period: March 31 for FY1987 and later, and May 31 before FY1987. The number of employees at the end of fiscal year 1983 declined on a non-consolidated basis due to the spin-off of the sales and brokerage divisions as a separate affiliate company (no consolidated data disclosed)

1970

2000s-

Age of Safety and Security

Following a succession of scandals in the construction industry, including the earthquake-resistance data falsification scam, compliance came to assume more importance. Furthermore, frequent natural disasters, including the Great East Japan Earthquake in 2011, brought about an age where people became more conscious of the safety and security of condominiums

- Following the enforcement of the Act for Promotion of Long-Life Quality Housing in 2009, we were **accredited with** Japan's first Long-Life Quality Housing certification for for-sale condominium.
- We developed and commercialized a next-generation condominium archetype "Be-Next," which allows both enhanced basic performance and customizability.
- We also promoted the construction of disaster-resilient condominiums by taking disaster control measures from both the hardware and software perspectives.



Condominium Museum, newly established as part of the projects commemorating Haseko's 80th nniversary since its founding

Branchera Urawa, Japan's first condominium certified as Long-Life Quality Housing

Historical Data of Net Sales (in millions of yen) and the Number of Employees (in persons)

11.1 billion yen

Net sales (non-consolidated) Net sales (consolidated) Number of employees (non-consolidated)

Number of employees (consolidated)

FY1999

2020s-**Age of Sustainability**

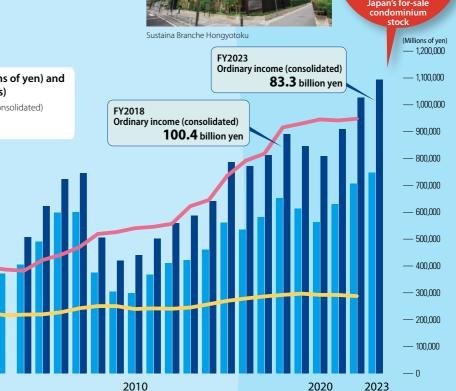
Needs

Recently, consumer behavior has changed significantly in the face of the COVID-19 pandemic. We have also entered an age where companies are required to respond to climate change, harmonize with the environment, and respect diversity so as to achieve sustainable growth. We expect to see significant changes in the condominium market along with the changes in social conditions.

Haseko's response

- We are promoting sustainability-conscious business, such as constructing longer-life condominiums and environmentally friendly condominiums.
- We will drive digital transformation (DX) to aim for the further improvement of quality and the provision of new
- We are providing condominiums designed to cater to the new normal life in response to the COVID-19 pandemic.
- We are ensuring that **all condominiums** developed primarily by the Group (projects with design initiated in fiscal year 2022 and later) meet the net-zero energy housing (ZEH) standard.
- We are **proactively promoting** the ICT-based **IoT** condominium business.
- Construction on Sustaina Branche Hongyotoku (Japan's first rental condominium project to achieve net zero CO₂ emissions when the building is in use) completed [September 2023]





*3 The number of employees at the end of fiscal year 1994 declined on a non-consolidated basis due to substantial transfers to affiliate companies and other factors

Source: Haseko Group's 80-Year History (available only in Japanese) and Financial Reports

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2.000 —

1.000 -